

BRYAN blew the same old whistle at Los Angeles yesterday. He appears to be still running for the presidency.

His loyal R. publicans have no need to belittle themselves by misrepresentations of facts in the present gubernatorial situation.

Why did not the *Republican* publish the dispatch sent by N. O. Murphy to a prominent member of the Executive Committee while the committee was in session?

Was the *Republican* afraid to publish the truth in regard to the proceedings? It failed to publish the official proceedings of the *Republican* Executive Committee.

On the first instant Senator Kyle and Mr. M. H. McCord called on the President and urged the appointment of Geo. Christ, of Nogales, for Surveyor General of Arizona.

WHEREVER it may be located the Union High School is not a property that people want adjacent to their homes, in the very best building portions of the city, if they can help it.

THE HERALD believes the people of this city have fully as much faith in the honesty of the High School Trustees as they have in the editor of the *Republican* who dictates to them so egotistically and positively.

Do the esteemed Phoenix newspapers still consider the Hon. Fletcher M. Don a judicial possibility. In no solitary one of those celebrated "specials" was the gentleman's name ever mentioned.—*Florence Tribune*.

The editor must have failed to look at the Phoenix papers. They all mentioned the appointment.

HON. WM. M. GRIFFITH, United States Marshal, came in this morning from the south on his way to Prescott where United States court opens tomorrow. Mr. Griffith bears the honors of his new position and will be one of the best Marshals the Territory has yet had.

There are yet a few people left about Phoenix who imagine that they can purchase goods by mail cheaper than they can here at home. The fact is they cannot do it. The satisfaction of having things as you want them which rarely ever is the case, is worth more than any small difference in price and if there is a difference it is necessarily small. When you patronize home industry your money comes back to you; when you patronize foreign trade your money leaves the business of the community for good. Stand by your home people.

MR. I. F. MACK, the well known Ohio editor, has been talking interestingly of a subject on which he is thoroughly posted—Ohio politics. He said: "The talk about the Republican being torn with internecine strife isarrant nonsense. We are thoroughly united and harmonious and will win in Ohio this year by a heavy majority. There is no sort of doubt about it, and away down in their hearts I do not believe the Democrats think they have any show of success. There is no Democratic party in our State, anyway, for those who used to be Democrats have gone over to the Populists."

THE *Republican* makes light of the meeting of the Executive Committee—yet that committee was attended by Mr. Akers, having a proxy, and Lee of the *Republican* was almost frantic in his efforts to get to the Ford the afternoon of the meeting to get "that resolution" written in the organ's office, in favor of Mr. McCord, to Secretary Akers, and Akers had at the afternoon session in offering the resolution was remarked on by all present, even Dunbar smiled. After it was turned down by the Committee they saw the hole they had put Akers into and wanted their resolution returned, but the Committee were onto the game and the resolution was voted down.

AMONG neighbors and citizens a misrepresentation of facts, such as the *Republican* sees fit to make this morning in the High School matter, is deplorable. Mr. Ganz did not say to the *Republican* or anybody else that the property it is now proposed to sell to the Board of Trustees of the High School for \$15,000 was offered to him for \$14,000. The offer made to Mr. Ganz included only the building and six lots. The property offered to the Board of High School Trustees includes the building and twelve lots. Furthermore, the offer to Mr. Ganz was made before there was a window put in the building, where \$1000 worth of windows are now in. Mr. Ganz says the property would be very cheap at \$15,000 or \$16,000 if the building can be utilized, and he thinks it can be utilized. The building alone cost \$23,000.

Extra low prices this month on dry goods and groceries at Griebel & Stambaugh's.

ONE MORE FRAUD.

The Los Angeles *Times* of the first instant has a "special" from Santa Fe which contains a renewal of the story of another land grant. It will be noted however that the grant is very indefinitely located and supposed to be upward of four times the extent of the attempted Reavis steal. If the new proposition is founded on the same claims they are utterly without foundation and at any rate the Government would meet the case and protect the settlers in every instance. Here is the special from Santa Fe:

"SANTA FE, N. M., July 1.—[Special Dispatch.]—E. A. Garcia, a lawyer from Monterey, Mex., who also has an office at San Antonio, has been here some days consulting with prominent attorneys respecting the filing in the United States land courts of another Peralta grant claim, besides which the bogus claim of Peralta-Reavis stands as a mere bagatelle. Garcia alleges to have access to the original Spanish archives to substantiate the validity of the Peralta grant for 50,000,000 acres of land in Arizona, Mexico and southern New Mexico. The Peralta-Reavis claim was for only 12,000,000 acres, and is prosecuted by some of the principal capitalists of California and New York spends a million dollars, only to end in the government proving the claim a gigantic fraud and the result of a conspiracy.

Reavis, an aged and broken man, is now serving a two-year sentence in the United States prison at Santa Fe. Garcia says the mistake made by Reavis was in going to the city of Mexico and to Madrid and Seville, Spain, in search of the original grant documents, and in perpetrating bungling forgeries when he failed to find them. That the grant exists Garcia claims to have indisputable evidence. He states that in 1821, at the close of the revolt of Mexico against Spain, the officers of the latter government undertook the official archives to Madrid, but these records only got as far as Havana, Cuba, where they were afterward transported to San Luis Potosi, where they are today in perfect order.

Garcia states that he holds power of attorney from heirs residing at Monterey, San Luis Potosi, San Jose and Los Angeles, Cal., to the number of 800 and will file them in their behalf a claim, backed by ample documentary evidence to the original Peralta grant of 50,000,000 acres.

In the meantime J. A. Peralta-Reavis has served out one-half of his sentence and with good time allowance will be released from prison next May. In the District Court today five indictments for fraud growing out of his connection with the Peralta grant were dismissed on the motion of United States Attorney Reynolds. One other indictment against him and Miguel Noe, a son of a Californian, is still pending here."

WHEN one man sets up his judgment and honesty against that of a number of his fellow-citizens there is something wrong with the one man.

A PROMINENT Republican, and one of the most efficient officials in the Territory, who is visiting this city, was taken to task yesterday in the office of the Secretary of Territory for having his own opinion on the political situation, as though he had no right to think as he pleased. His answer to the insulting questioning caused a halt, very suddenly.

THE *Republican*, while it charges "jobbery" on the High School Board of Trustees, men in whom the community has every confidence else it would not have elected them to the position they occupy, forgets or refuses to see that there may equally as well and with more probability be a real estate job on the other side. We leave the question to any honest man if the location of the Church property is not equal to any other that can be furnished in this city; if it is not cheaper than any other of equally good location. As to the building now on the site, the prominent question is: "What is wanted in a high school building?" Certainly not an aggregation of large closely seated rooms such as are necessary in our grammar school building. On the other hand a number of recitation rooms are indispensable and these large enough to accommodate ten to twenty persons for an hour at a time. These the present building amply provides. Again one or two large assembly halls are essential. These the Board propose to provide in the erection of a building for which purpose they would have \$15,000 or nearly that much. The *HERALD* believes the purchase of that property would be a matter of public economy. It believes the accommodations would be ample and as thoroughly suited to the purpose as though especially built for that purpose. It believes we will have more and better accommodations for the money expended than could possibly be provided in an attempt to purchase another block of land for which speculators want \$10,000, out of town, where land is worth about one-half that value, and attempting to put up the necessary building with \$20,000. There are a majority of our best citizens believe with the *HERALD* and they have at least as much right to their preference as the proprietor of the *Republican* and the men who are using him.

SMALL TYPE PROVISIONS.

It would pay those taking out insurance, either fire, life or accident, to read the "small type" provisions of all the companies. There are some of those provisions that are rather "catchy." The San Francisco *Report*, for instance, publishes the following on the "small type" provisions:

The refusal of an accident insurance company to pay a \$5000 policy on the late "Little Pete's" life on the ground that "Little Pete" was murdered and not accidentally killed is an interesting incident. It appears that one of the numerous provisions that are printed in such small type in policies, but mean so much to the insurer, in this case, that the policy is void should the death of the holder be due to "intentional injuries inflicted by the insured or any other person." A railroad passenger killed by the intentional derailing of a train would, in law, be the victim of a murder. So would a man killed in defending himself or his property against a footpad or a burglar. The clause considerably narrows the risk the company takes, and the chances the policy holder's heirs have of collecting. But it is all right as long as the insurer knows what he is doing when he takes out the policy. An insurer against accident or anything else who does not read his policy before paying his premium ought to be taken before the Superior court and have a guardian appointed for him. But it is astonishing how many insurers do not take that necessary precaution.

FOR some reason the usual precautions of the fire department were omitted yesterday and Sunday. Possibly they were unnecessary, but they inspire a feeling of confidence at a somewhat dangerous time. Fortunately there was not a single fire alarm during the "Fourth" season.

THE latest plan of the Senators who are behind the Morgan resolution, granting belligerent rights to the Cubans, is to hold up the tariff bill until the House vote on the Morgan resolution. It will be remembered that this resolution, granting the Cubans the right to purchase arms and war material in the United States and to ship it to Cuba from our ports, was passed by the Senate several weeks ago by an overwhelming majority. When it reached the House it was held up by the Speaker and still remains on the Speaker's desk. If this resolution can be brought before the House it would be passed by a large majority.

A PUBLIC official is the servant of the people not their master, and his accounts as such are lawfully open to the inspection of the public at any time. The Citizen's League is a portion of the public—a large portion of it in this locality—and its business is, and will continue to be, to protect the public interests, notwithstanding the objections of the *Gazette*. The honest man or official has nothing to fear from the Citizen's League; the fearful of course object to it. As to its "incompetency," claimed by the *Gazette*, some of the best business men of the county are members of it and vastly more competent to handle records and accounts than any of the office holders. The work of the league for two years past has been of many thousands of dollars value to the people of Maricopa county whether they were members of the League or not, as the *Gazette* well knows, and which is ample proof that public trusts are not discharged legally or to the best interests of the public. If there is any one right the citizen public has more than another it is to protect itself.

THE growing of apricots in this valley has proved to be a very remunerative industry, though, like every other industry, it has its "off" years, and this is one of them, owing to the very early blossoming of the trees which resulted in the crop being caught by the frost, which destroyed fully three-fourths of the usual crop. Speaking of this industry a well known gentleman of this city, who is largely interested in the business, informs us that last year when the crop was good and matured early, he realized a net return of \$1000 per acre on the fruit, but suffered some extra losses on account of the failure of the railroads to fulfill their proposition in getting the fruit into the market on time. With a proper railroad service, which should lay down a carload of fruit in Chicago inside of five days, and the early season at which the crop ripens here, there is probably no industry that will succeed with proper management like the shipping of fresh fruits into the eastern markets, as the shipping of apricots has demonstrated, but the essentials to success must be observed, and they are, a good fruit, ripened early, carefully picked and packed and put on the market at the earliest possible moment after being picked. With these essentials observed there is a whole lot of money for the grower in the fresh fruit business in this valley; but the business must be managed, and carefully managed, just as any other successful business is handled.

CERTAIN gentlemen, notably Mr. Claus Spreckles, the California sugar king, have been expressing more confidence in the rejection of the treaty for the annexation of Hawaii, to which they are violently opposed, than there is anything in sight to justify. But there is a reason for their confidence, as will be fully apparent before Congress meets next winter. It lies in the manipulation of a big corruption fund to create a public sentiment against the treaty with the hope that enough Senators can be influenced to prevent the necessary two-thirds vote being obtained for ratification of the treaty. And all of this corruption fund will not come from American sugar men. A considerable portion of it will come from the secret fund of European governments. There are at least two European nations which are more interested in the failure of the treaty than Japan is. But being smarter than the Japs, they have not protested and will not protest against the treaty, but will try to accomplish its defeat by the use of money, just as they have before tried, and sometimes succeeded in influencing the course of the United States. It is really a great pity that this scheme could not be headed off by the ratification of the treaty by the Senate at this session, but it is known that the opponents of the treaty would not allow a vote to be taken on the treaty at this session, even if it were possible to keep a quorum of the Senate in Washington for any considerable time after the tariff bill has been passed.

WILL GIVE A LOE. Montgomery Addition Comes to the Relief of the Republican.

To the Honorable Board of Trustees of High School District, No. 1, of Maricopa County, Phoenix, Arizona.

GENTLEMEN: The undersigned hereby offers to donate, free from all incumbrances, to your Honorable Board, for the use of High School District, No. 1, of Maricopa County, Arizona, and upon which to erect the Public High School Building that your Honorable Board is contemplating for said District, the following site, to wit:

Block No. forty-three (43) or Block No. 44 (44) of Montgomery's Addition to the City of Phoenix, Arizona.

Block No. 43 is situated on South Centre street, and Block 44 is situated on South First Avenue of the City of Phoenix. These blocks drain into the sewer system of the City of Phoenix, the same fronting on the main of the said sewer system.

JOHN B. MONTGOMERY.

The copy above has been referred by this apostle of light (the *Daily Republic*). Have they been seen?

SPECIAL SUGAR BEET BULLETIN Important to all Sugar Beet Growers.

TUCSON, ARIZ., July 1, 1897.

DEAR SIR:—In most instances the sugar beets planted last spring in Arizona are attaining large size. Some are growing too rapidly and are already as large as they should be at maturity largely to an excess of water. All beets one and a half inches or more in diameter at this time should be grown from now to the end of the season with as little water as possible and keep them in a healthy condition. From August first till harvest give still less water.

Almost all the experiment plots have one imperative need—cultivation. The beets should be cultivated often and thoroughly, not only to keep down the weeds but to keep the soil mellow. Cultivation develops the sugar and this is the important item. It is already evident that the beets can be grown successfully, but it remains to be demonstrated that they can be made to contain a sufficient amount of saccharine matter to make them profitable. The thing to do, therefore, is to so handle the crop for the rest of the season so to develop the sugar contents. The one thing more useful than any other to do this is to stir the soil often and stir it well.

At the proper time instructions will be sent you how and when to take samples for analysis, and how to send them. In the mean time do not neglect your beet experiment. Keep the soil cultivated. Very respectfully yours, WM. STONE DEVOI, Director.

P. S.—If any insects are found injuring the beets, collect samples of them and send for identification.

MURDERER ELECTROCUTED. The Sing Sing Electric Chair Claims Another Victim.

SING SING, N. Y., July 6.—John Henry Baker, colored, was electrocuted today for the murder of his wife on August 30, 1895.

ITCHING SKIN DISEASES

It is the most common of all skin diseases, and is caused by the action of the sun, wind, and dust on the skin. It is characterized by intense itching, and is often accompanied by a redness and swelling of the skin. It is a most distressing and annoying condition, and one that should be treated at once.

Aticura

It is the most effective remedy for itching skin diseases, and is guaranteed to give relief in every case. It is a most valuable and reliable preparation, and is sold in every drug store.

RED ROUGH HANDS Softened and Beautified by CUTICURA SOAP.

THE TARIFF BILL

A Sugar Bounty Amendment Presented

AND THEN WITHDRAWN.

The Final Vote Likely to Be Taken Early Next Week in the Senate.

WASHINGTON, July 3.—When the Senate met today there was little likelihood that the close of a long and arduous tariff debate was near at hand with the possibility of a final vote later in the day. The chaplain's prayer referred to the anniversary of the nation's birth and the profound significance of that event in the civilization of the world. A resolution was agreed to calling on the Secretary of the Interior for the names and political affiliation of the pension examiners recently dismissed. Gallinger, of New Hampshire, secured an amendment extending the inquiry to those dismissed from March 1894 to July of the same year. The tariff bill was then taken up and Allison presented three new amendments, one of which provided for a bounty of one-fourth of a cent per pound on beet sugar made from beets grown in the United States from July 1898 to 1903. Jones of Arkansas, expressed surprise that on the day which he hoped would be the last of the tariff debate the committee should bring in such a far-reaching amendment. Allison explained that the amendment was a precise reproduction of the bounty clause of 1890 except that it was confined to beet sugar. The amendment went over temporarily.

The best sugar amendment was withdrawn by Senator Allison and though renewed by Senator Allen of Nebraska, it will not be adopted.

The Senate this evening concluded the first reading of the tariff bill administrative sections and all the House sections, prohibiting the entry of all convict-made goods, was agreed to and many others of administrative provisions restored to the bill.

WASHINGTON, July 6.—Without any preliminary business the Senate today proceeded to the consideration of the tariff bill, after Bacon had made a personal explanation of his vote of yesterday for Mills' amendment. Bates of Tennessee took the floor and delivered a set speech against the bill.

WASHINGTON, July 6.—After the sugar bounty amendment had been taken up in the Senate today, Allison charged that the Republicans, in offering the beet sugar amendment, were simply bluffing and that it intimidated to the Democrats that if properly frightened by threats of delay they would probably surrender.

WASHINGTON, July 6.—Petit's amendment to the tariff bill to prohibit the sugar trust from importing sugar was lost in the Senate by a vote of 26 to 33.

NO BETTER SUGAR BOUNTY. The Matter Will Go to the Next Session of Congress.

WASHINGTON, July 6.—The Republican senatorial caucus today decided to not again present the beet sugar bounty amendment to the tariff bill and Senator Allison authorized the move to have the amendment offered by Senator Allen tabled. There was also a general agreement to take up the Thurston beet sugar bounty bill as independent of the tariff bill after congress meets next December. The object of the caucus bore entirely upon the bounty matter.

A TERRIBLE DEED. Carbolic Acid Given by a Father to His Daughter.

LOS ANGELES, July 6.—W. H. Pearson, formerly employed in the freight department of the Santa Fe railroad, in this city, but lately out of employment, attempted to murder his eight-year-old daughter at an early hour this morning and then committed suicide. Before the deed he told the girl of his plan and persuaded her that she would be able to see her mother, who is dead, if she took poison with him. He gave her a drink of carbolic acid and drank presciently himself. He had sent a letter to a friend named Ball, telling him of the deed, which he expected to be delivered today, but the letter was delivered last night and Ball hurried to the room of Pearson in time to find him gasping his last breath. The girl was taken to a hospital, and although her tongue and throat were cooked by the acid and she suffered great agony, her life was saved. The girl told her father that she did not want to die, but took the acid because she thought she must obey him.

CHRISTIAN ENDEAVORERS. Thousands Arrive in San Francisco Today.

SAN FRANCISCO, July 6.—The first of the procession of forty trains bearing delegates to the great 97 convention of Christian Endeavorers arrived here this morning and at intervals of about an hour the others poured their loads of human freight into this city all day long. As fast as the delegates arrived upon this side of the bay they were registered by a force of nearly two hundred clerks and each individual was given a card upon which his or her name, address, denomination, church and San Francisco quarters were filed in. Each estate registered separately and the delegates registered alphabetically for convenience of their friends who are likewise named in the books. Today's arrivals, which consist of delegates from Kansas, Maine, Connecticut, Vermont, Ohio and Nebraska, will probably reach seven thousand and as many more will probably arrive tomorrow.

Low prices in groceries. Go and see Griebel & Stambaugh.

TEACHERS IN SESSION.

The Leading Educators of the Country in Council.

MILWAUKEE, Wis., July 6.—The Green City has capitulated to the army of teachers who have journeyed hither by companies and regiments from every section of the country to do their share toward making the thirty-sixth annual convention of the National Educational Association a feast of reason and a flow of soul. Estimates of the number of strangers within Milwaukee's gates this morning run all the way from fifteen to twenty-five thousand, the latter figures being probably nearest the mark. Conspicuous by their badges and blue ribbons, they have possession of the hotels, clubs, principal streets in the business section, parks, halls and school houses. It is a notable gathering of those who have assumed the mission of instructing mankind from the first stages in the kindergarten to the final ones in the university. Men and women distinguished in the history of the present decade are to be encountered at every turn.

BRYAN IN CALIFORNIA. He Receives an Ovation at Sacramento.

SACRAMENTO, July 3.—William J. Bryan and party reached here at eleven-thirty. He was met at the depot by a delegation from the Iroquois club and prominent democrats. A great crowd was in attendance and loudly cheered the silver champion. The train was several hours late and the distinguished visitor remained in Sacramento but a few minutes. Bryan could not be induced to make a speech owing to the limited time. A special car was in waiting for Bryan which will carry him through to Los Angeles. It was elaborately decorated with flowers and bunting and laden with fruit. A number of prominent democrats accompanied the special train among them Governor Budd, Congressman James C. Maguire, W. W. Foote, W. H. Alford, Frank H. Gould, W. H. Jacobs, Hon. A. Caminette and E. D. McCabe. This morning Bryan breakfasted at Auburn where he made a short speech. He was introduced as the next President of the United States and when the applause following the introduction had died away said: "Whether I am the next President or not, is of no importance. What is of the most importance is that the next President be elected upon a platform which demands money for the people. The last platform of the democratic party was such."

THE TURKISH QUESTION. Turkey Refuses the Demands of the Ambassadors.

CONSTANTINOPLE, July 6.—Contrary to expectation, the decision of the council of ministers was not favorable to the demands of the ambassadors relative to the Greek-Turkish frontier negotiations. The situation is therefore regarded as very strained. The Turkish reply virtually implies a rupture of negotiations and that the powers must make a concession or adopt measures to enforce their decision. It is reported that the grand vizier has decided that he will never sign an agreement based on the strategic lines proposed by the ambassadors. At the same time it is thought in some quarters that the attitude of the Turkish government is designed to enable the Sultan to yield later by sacrificing some of his ministers and rumors of impending cabinet changes are already current on the bourse.

A NARROW ESCAPE. Quicksand Held a Laborer Three Hours.

NEW YORK, July 6.—While at work in an excavation on Henry street this morning a laborer was engulfed by quicksands and a gang of firemen were engaged nearly all the afternoon in the struggle to save him. As fast as the sand was shoveled out it poured in again and the man's life hung almost literally by a hair. Jones was finally rescued after being imprisoned three hours.

A FATAL WRECK. Three Train Men Killed on the White Mountain Road.

WOODVILLE, N. H., July 6.—A freight train on the division of the White Mountain road was wrecked by a wash-out today. Patrick Lannon, engineer, Bert Padden, fireman, and brakeman O. E. Dang were killed.

LEVI STRAUSS & CO.
FACTORY—SAN FRANCISCO—CAL.
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OVERALLS AND SPRING BOTTOM PANTS.
EVERY GARMENT GUARANTEED.
EMPLOY OVER 350 GIRLS.

ELKS IN ANNUAL REUNION. The Largest Session Ever Held Convened.

MINNEAPOLIS, July 6.—The annual reunion and meeting of the Grand Lodge of the Benevolent Protective Order of Elks, which opened today, has brought to the city between ten and fifteen thousand members of this famous organization, representing the principal lodges of every State. The city is gaily decorated in honor of the visitors, and for the next few days Minneapolis will be the center of a cyclone of gaiety.

The opening session of the Grand Lodge was held in the lodge rooms of the local organization, Grand Exalted Ruler Detweiler, of Harrisburg, Pennsylvania, presiding. Indianapolis and New Orleans are in the field for the honor of entertaining the reunion of next year. This afternoon the visiting ladies were given a drive about the city, as the guests of the entertaining committee. Many of the visiting lodges, including those from Louisville, Cincinnati, Boston, Indianapolis and Cleveland, will keep open house during the week. One of the principal events of the reunion will be the competitive prize drill, for which teams from all the orack lodges have been training for months. The Grand Exalted Ruler said this morning that the present session is the largest in the history of the order.

THE GREAT FLOODS. Three Hundred Persons Drowned in the South of France.

PARIS, July 6.—Advice from the south of France show that the destruction by floods there are greater than the earlier reports indicated. The losses are estimated at two hundred million francs in the aggregate. Hardly a village escaped damage and the number of persons drowned is at least three hundred.

FEELING IN ATHENS. A Revival of Hostilities Believed Probable.

ATHENS, July 3.—A pessimistic view of peace negotiations are been taken here. Even the resumption of hostilities in the near future is regarded as possible, in which event King George will probably take command of the Greek troops.

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THE FOREMOST BAKING POWDER IN ALL THE WORLD.

Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder

Awarded Highest Honors—Medal and Diploma by the

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Price Baking Powder Co.

Nothing is claimed for Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder that cannot be proved from the records. Its splendid triumphs at the World's Columbian Exposition and California Midwinter Fair were only achieved after the fullest examination and competition. The fame it has acquired rests squarely on its merits as the purest, richest and best baking powder ever offered to the public. Its victories are legitimate triumphs for the best boon ever given to the good housewives of this country.

A COOK BOOK FREE.—"Table and Kitchen," a new cook book containing over 400 receipts will be sent, postage prepaid. It is printed in English, German and Scandinavian. A copy will be sent in the language preferred. Postal card is as good as a letter. Address simply—

PRICE BAKING POWDER CO., CHICAGO, ILL.